

HEREDITARY CANCER GENETIC TESTING

& COUNSELLING REQUISITION

Appointment Booking: www.lifelabs.com 1-844-363-4357· Ask.Genetics@LifeLabs.com

CONTRACT #									
Ordering Physician #	ician # Physician OHIP# (Ontario): Physician MSC# (British Columbia): Other Provinces (Ontario Voyager): 999								
Ordering Physician Na	ne Name	Name					LifeLabs Label		
Ordering Physician	Address	Address							
Address & contact info	Tel:	Tel: Fax:							
Physician Signature: Confirmation of patient consent: I confirm that this patient has given consent to testing as may be required by applicable law. I have provided the patient with the Patient Information form and the opportunity for pre-test counselling, where details associated with the genetic test(s) ordered below including its risks, benefits and limitations are discussed. I have encouraged the patient review the result of testing with the appropriate genetic counselling. I can confirm that the patient was informed that s/he has the right revoke his/her consent at any time. I authorize that the patient receives a copy of the test results will be available through the physician. I to NOT authorize that the patient receives a copy of the test results or summary letters directly and I have made the patient aware of this							of the counseling		
		Please sign here							
Canuta Cliant	Copy-to	Client name							
Copy-to Client: Genetic Counsellor Other Healthcare Provider	Tel:		Fa	X:					
Bill to:	Bill Type	"Private Pa	y" (ON: P; BC: PP; p	atient pay	ys at time of colle	ction) P	atient Se	x: □ Female	□ Male
Patient Last Name:		y						rth:	
1		-1			I	Ν	/I M	D D Y	ΥΥΥ
Unit #: Street:		City:	1	Prov.:	Postal Code	e: P	atient Te	ephone:	
Patient email:	Patient email:								d summary letters, it is documents via email.
		TEST REC	UESTED		<u> </u>			ON-LL TC#	Mnemonic
Genetic Counselling	+ BRCA 1 & 2	analysis - \$	600 TAT: 4-6 weeks	5				5501	BRCALL
Genetic Counselling	+ Breast Can	cer Panel a	nalysis - \$950 T/	AT: 4-6 we	eeks			HCP	НСР
	Genetic Counselling + Breast/Gynecologic Cancer Panel analysis - \$950 TAT: 4-6 weeks HCP HCP						НСР		
Genetic Counselling + Colorectal Cancer Panel analysis - \$950 TAT: 4-6 weeks HCP HCP						НСР			
Genetic Counselling + Prostate Cancer Panel analysis - \$950 TAT: 4-6 weeks HCP HCP									
Genetic Counselling								HCP	НСР
Date Sample Collected	MDD	YYYY	Time Collecte	ed H	H M M	Collecto	r Name		
GENETIC TESTING CONS I have read the Patient Inform binding distribution agreement w Canadian privacy laws. LifeLabs healthcare provider to do so. Ad tested and its genetic basis. I am health information may be sent to that I have had previously compli- original specimen. I agree that a LifeLabs.	ation Form. I under nereby both organiz- will only report test litionally, the test resu- tware that correct in Invitae at their labo ted by Invitae may	ations will compl results to the ord ults could be rele formation about ratory in the U.S.A be shared with Li	y with all applicable dering healthcare pro ased to those who, by my family members is A. (1400 16th Street, Sa feLabs. I understand t	legislation. ovider(s) or y law, may important an Francisc hat LifeLat	Invitae complies r genetic counsello have access to su and can affect the co, CA 94103). To e os will contact me	with U.S.A. con ors involved an ch data. My pl e outcome of r nsure accurate for a new spec	nfidentiality la nd the patien hysician has my results. I ag testing, I ag cimen if a tes	ws; LifeLabs Gene to the authorized cold me about the gree that my specia ree that the results t result cannot be	tics complies with d by the ordering condition(s) being men and personal of genetic testing provided from the
 I understand that of 2. I agree that my duresultant payments I do not want my representation of the sample 	e-identified sample , benefits or rights naining sample or ponce the final repo	e may be used to products or data from my ort has been iss	d for product deve discoveries. results to be stored ued. By ticking this	lopment and/or u box I disa	or research purp used for product agree with points	ooses. I unde developmer 1 and 2 liste	erstand that nt or researd d above.	t I will not receiv	ase destroy any
Pre and post test counselling is included as part of the BRCA1&2 and hereditary cancer panel testing. A member of our genetics team will contact you to book these appointments. We strongly recommend the counselling sessions to ensure appropriate risk assessment, and understanding of the benefits and limitations of the test, results and follow-up.									
I decline pre-test counselling. If you decline pre-test counselling, results will be available through your physician.									
Patient/Substitute Decision Ma	-								
								ested:	
OR: I certify that verbal conse	nt was obtained fr	om the patient	/substitute decision	n maker f	for the requested	genetic test	ting		
	Signature of	Physician:				; Date: _			

PHOTOCOPY REQUISITION AND INCLUDE 1 COPY WITH SAMPLES

Page 1 of 2



HEREDITARY CANCER GENETIC TESTING & COUNSELLING REQUISITION

Appointment booking can be done at www.lifelabs.com

Panel Content:	BRCA1, BRCA2 panel → BRCA1, BRCA2 Breast Cancer panel → ATM, BRCA1, BRCA2, CDH1, CHEK2, NBN, NF1, PALB2, PTEN, STK11, TP53 Breast and Gynecologic Cancer panel → ATM, BRCA1, BRCA2, BRIP1, CDH1, CHEK2, EPCAM, MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, NBN, NF1, PALB2, PMS2, PTEN, RAD51C, RAD51D, STK11, TP53 Colorectal Cancer panel → APC, AXIN2, BMPR1A, CHEK2, EPCAM, GREM1, MLH1, MSH2, MSH3, MSH6, MUTYH, NTHL1, PMS2, POLD1, POLE, PTEN, SMAD4, STK11, TP53 Prostate Cancer Panel → ATM, BRCA1, BRCA2, CHEK2, EPCAM, HOXB13, MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, NBN, PMS2, TP53 Hereditary Cancer panel → AIP, ALK, APC, ATM, AXIN2, BAP1, BARD1, BLM, BMPR1A, BRCA1, BRCA2, BRIP1, CASR, CDC73, CDH1, CDK4, CDKN1B, CDKN1C, CDKN2A, CEBPA, CHEK2, CTNNA1, DICER1, DIS3L2, EGFR, EPCAM, FH, FLCN, GATA2, GPC3, GREM1, HOXB13, HRAS, KIT, MAX, MEN1, MET, MITF, MLH1, MSH2, MSH3, MSH6, MUTYH, NBN, NF1, NF2, NTHL1, PALB2, PDGFRA, PHOX2B, PMS2, POLD1, POLE, POT1, PRKAR1A, PTCH1, PTEN, RAD50, RAD51C, RAD51D, RB1, RECQL4, RET, RUNX1, SDHA, SDHAF2, SDHB, SDHC, SDHD, SMAD4, SMARCA4, SMARCB1, SMARCE1, STK11, SUFU, TERC, TERT, TMEM127, TP53, TSC1, TSC2, VHL, WRN, and WT1 *gene lists are subject to change over time. Most up to date information is available on theInvitae website and will be listed on the report.						
Other Test-Related Information							
Test Methodology:	FULL ANALYSIS – sequencing and copy number variants						
Sample Type:	 Blood (EDTA: 8- 10mL) Saliva (Oragene OG-510, available by request) 						
Patient Ancestry:	Ashkenazi JewishAsianBlack/AfricanFrench CanadianHispanicMediterraneanIndigenousPacific IslanderSephardic Jewish						
	Other – please specify:						
Reason for Testing:	 **Personal history of cancer **Family history of cancer **Known familial mutation Personal Choice Other: **Please fill in additional details in Clinical Information below 						
Clinical Information:	Additional patient medical information:						
	Relevant family history:						
Additional Family Members:	Have other family members submitted samples to LifeLabs for analysis? UY N If yes, Name:						
	Relationship to patient D.O.B. (MM/DD/ YYYY):						
	PHOTOCOPY REQUISITION AND INCLUDE 1 COPY WITH SAMPLES						

Page 2 of 2



PATIENT INFORMATION FORM

Hereditary cancer testing

1-844-363-4357 Ask.Genetics@LifeLabs.com

Patient to read before signing Genetic Testing Consent on requisition

Purpose of the Test + Genetic Counselling

Analysis of genes looks for changes in your DNA called mutations. For example, certain mutations within the BRCA1/2 genes can make it more likely that you could develop certain cancers, such as breast, ovarian, fallopian tube, peritoneal, melanoma, pancreatic, and/or prostate cancer. Individuals with BRCA1/2 mutations are more likely to develop cancer at a younger age and have high grade (aggressive) tumours. Among those who develop cancer, variable age at diagnosis and type of cancer is observed, even within the same family. The Hereditary Cancer Panel offered through LifeLabs looks for mutations in the following genes: AIP, ALK, APC, ATM, AXIN2, BAP1, BARD1, BLM, BMPR1A, BRCA1, BRCA2, BRIP1, CASR, CDC73, CDH1, CDK4, CDKN1B, CDKN1C, CDKN2A, CEBPA, CHEK2, CTNNA1, DICR1, DIS3L2, EGFR, EPCAM, FH, FLCN, GATA2, GPC3, GREM1, HOXB13, HRA5, KIT, MAX, MEN1, MET, MITF, MLH1, MSH2, MSH3, MSH6, MUTYH, NBN, NF1, NF2, NTHL1, PALB2, PDGFRA, PHOX2B, PMS2, POLD1, POLE, POT1, PRKAR1A, PTCH1, PTEN, RAD50, RAD51C, RAD51D, RB1, RECQL4, RET, RUNX1, SDHAF, SDHAF, SDHB, SDHC, SDHD, SMAD4, SMARCA4, SMARCA1, SMARCE1, STK11, SUFU, TERC, TERT, TMEM127, TP53, TSC1, TSC2, VHL, WRN, and WT1. A list of the genes and their associated cancers is available on the supplemental Hereditary Cancer Panel sheet. Additional condition-specific panels are also available. If you have a family history of a genetic mutation related to an inherited cancer syndrome, you should inform the LifeLabs Genetics team of the specific gene mutation(s) present in your family. Private pay BRCA ½ and Hereditary Cancer Panel analysis offered through LifeLabs includes next-generation sequencing and dosage analysis, in addition to a 30 minute pre-test telephone session with a board certified genetic counsellor prior to the start of the analysis and an optional 15-30 minute post-test counselling session. LifeLabs will make two attempts to contact you to schedule your pre-test counselling session once you submit your blood sample.

During the pre-test counselling session, the genetic counsellor will:

- Review your family history of cancer. Please inquire with relatives as to specific diagnosis and age of onset.
- Discuss the benefits, limitations and risks of genetic testing
 - You will have the option to decline further genetic testing once reviewing the benefits, limitations and risks.
 - Review the possible outcomes of genetic testing (positive, true negative, uninformative negative and variants of unknown significance)
- Discuss possible implications to insurability
- Send a summary letter of the pre-test counselling session to you and your ordering physician

• Benefits

You may use the results of genetic testing to help guide surveillance, prevention and medical management decisions in regards to cancer. This information can also affect your family members. In the two copies of our genes, only one copy needs to have a mutation for a person to be more likely to develop the cancers listed above. This is called autosomal dominant inheritance. If an individual is found to have a genetic mutation on one of the LifeLabs hereditary cancer tests, there is a 50% chance that their child could inherit the mutation as well, which means there is also a 50% chance that an individual's siblings and parents have the same mutation.

Risks

Genetic testing may reveal sensitive information about your health or that of your relatives. Test results may reveal incidental, unsought information, such as discovering that a man is not the father of a child (non-paternity). Results of genetic testing can create emotional burdens (feeling guilty, sad, worried, angry), which can impact yourself and family members. It can also potentially have negative impacts when applying for insurance, although the current data is uncertain when assessing genetic risks and insurance premiums.

Test Results

Once your blood is taken, your sample will be sent to our partner laboratory, Invitae in USA. Your pre-test counselling session will be set up concurrently to your sample being sent to and processed by Invitae. Testing will take 4-6 weeks from when Invitae receives the sample. Results will be sent to the ordering physician and to the patient if the physician has consented to release the results on the requisition unless the patient declines pre-test counselling, in which case they will be sent to the physician only.

Possible results:

Positive: A disease-causing mutation was identified. This individual has an increased risk for specific types of cancer. Family members are at increased risk of carrying the same mutation. <u>True Negative</u>: This individual tested negative for a mutation previously identified in the family. This individual's risk for cancer is not expected to be increased above the general population risk. <u>Uninformative negative</u>: No disease-causing mutation was identified. If an individual has a personal or family history of cancer, the exact cause of the cancers in the family remains unknown. This individual's risk for cancer remains increased based on family history assessment. If applicable, testing affected family members could be considered.

Variant of Unknown Significance (VUS): A VUS indicates that the pathogenicity (whether a mutation causes a predisposition to cancer) of the variant identified cannot be established. Testing other family members may help clarify the clinical significance. Over time, variants may be reclassified as pathogenic or non-pathogenic (eg, disease causing or not associated with disease).

Test Limitations

The genetic consultation provided with the purchase of a hereditary cancer genetic testing is not a substitute for a full genetic evaluation. Specialized care providers have or can obtain access to clinical records, which LifeLabs Genetics cannot. The focus of the pre and post-test counselling session is on the benefits and limitations of genetic testing relating to inherited cancer syndromes specifically and implications of results. There may be genes other than those presently offered related to inherited cancer syndromes and there remain many uncertainties, including the effects of as yet unknown genes, which may impact on the prevalence of cancers. Although a pedigree (also known as a family tree, documenting family history related to cancer) will be drawn up for use by your healthcare provider, it will not be assessed to determine if other genes or conditions are appropriate for testing or the likelihood of developing cancer. Genetic counsellors at LifeLabs will rely on information provided by the patient and will not seek to confirm or disprove clinical information provided by requesting medical records.

Medical information and technology change constantly, and therefore we encourage you to review the recommendations from the LifeLabs genetics consultation regularly with your healthcare provider to ensure that they are still aligned with current practice. LifeLabs Genetics bases their clinical management recommendations on "The Canadian Consensus Guidelines [Horsman et al: JOGC 28(1): 45-60 (2007)]" and NCCN guidelines.

Alternatives to privately paying for hereditary cancer genetic testing

The ordering physician may consider referring a patient to a local cancer genetics clinic, which can be found through https://www.cagc-accg.ca. Provincial Ministry of Health funding in Canada for genetic testing relating to inherited cancer syndromes and counselling may be available for individuals with a personal and/or family history of cancer that meets high risk criteria. Wait times vary per clinic, and can range from 2 months to 2 years.

Who should have genetic testing relating to inherited cancer syndromes?

There are certain individuals (5-10% of all cancers) who are considered to be at a higher risk of having a mutation related to an inherited cancer syndrome:

Cancer diagnosed at age 50 or younger	Male breast cancer at any age
 Multiple primary cancers (could be in the same organ) 	 Two or more relatives with the same cancer, one under age 50
• Triple-negative breast cancer at age 60 or younger (ER-, PR- and HER2/neu -)	 Three or more relatives with similar or patterning cancers, likely in more than one generation on one side of the family
Ovarian cancer, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal cancer at any age	 Ashkenazi Jewish ancestry with history of breast, ovarian or pancreatic cancer
 Clustering of certain cancers (e.g.: breast and ovarian cancer; colon and uterine cancer) 	 A previously identified pathogenic mutation relating to an inherited cancer syndrome in the family
Multiple colon polyps (10-100+)	 Atypical tumour pathology (e.g.: colon cancer IHC deficient, MSI-H)

Some individuals who do not meet the above criteria above may still choose elect to pursue genetic testing to find out more information about their susceptibility risk for to cancer, even though the chance of finding a mutation might be low.

Cancellation of Samples

You can withdraw your consent to the analysis at any time, in full or in part, without stating reasons. You have the right to not be informed about test results (right not to know), to stop the testing processes that have been started at any time up to being given the results, and to request the destruction of all test material and results collected up to that time. If a test is cancelled after the pre-test counselling session, you will be refunded less the amount of \$200, which is incurred for processing and counselling. Once testing is initiated, the full test price will be charged. Given the short turnaround on results, you should aim to accept to the earliest available appointment to ensure you are able to avail yourself of this option.